Working Group 2. Diversion and Community-Based Restoration for Felony ISTs •Goal: Identify short-term, medium-term and long-term strategies to implement Diversion and Community-Based Restoration programs

Time-frame		Strategy	Туре	Impact on waitlist of 1,700+ individuals	Outcome / Measure(s)	Funding Required	Statutory Changes Needed
	lengthy eligibility process and slow access to treatment	Strategy (CCIBH) Presumptive Eligibility – Rather than engaging in an eligibility process that requires substantiation of reasons why an individual may be eligible for a DSH Diversion Program, which has become quite lengthy and has eignificantly slowed access to treatment, it would be assumed that all individuals currently on the waitlist are eligible for the DSH Diversion Program, and specified exemptions would have to be sought in order to exclude them from the program. (with NBE TA, Forensic Peer Support Specialists, and Probation Partnerships; also considering Psychiatric Advanced Directives and Housing)	Type Policy Chg		Program participation data for DSH, waitlist, data on exemptions most used for exclusion; nature of TA requests, PAD completion,	SME TA-52.5M / year for 5 teams, each consisting of a psychitatrist and criminal justice expert, to be available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to provide diversion programs with non-urgent energency technical assistance (assuming 5500K annually per team). Forensic Peer Support Specialists (or General Peer Support Specialists) - Recommend 1.8 peer-to client ratio (based off of LA County MISA innovation Plan), 520/hour (based on high-need population and average peer saline's; 5200-500 training/certification depending on training gency used. Could prioritize counties with highest FIST numbers. robation Partnerships - Approximately \$150k/year per officer (salary and benefis). Estimate an be developed based on each county FIST numbers (specialized counties with hightest FIST numbrs. Could consider Supervised Own Recognizance (SOR) supervision. Psychiatric Advance Directives (PADs) - peers would assist with the completion of the PADs (see above for peer costs). Disability RBIS California is in the process of updating their PAD (see above for peer costs). Disability RBIS California is in the process of updating their PADs (see above for peer costs). Disability RBIS California is in the process of updating their PADs (see above for peer costs). Disability RBIS California is in the process of updating their PAD (see above for peercy Council on Homelessness) to everage existing allocations from federal	It would seem that Penal Cod 1001.36 would need to be changed as it is currently worded in a manner that specifies criters for elipbility prior to being placed in a diversion program.
ihort		[Manley] Require the Court to consider diversion before committing a defendant to the State Hospital and that evaluators, if finding incompetency, include an opinion on whether or not the defendant would be suitable for diversion, and clarify that IMO's may be issued and follow the defendant late neurowork bedreated if diversion is reacted.	Policy Chg			government to local Continuums of Care.	
Short	County BH director — not getting timely discharge packet	defendant into community treatment if diversion is granted. Admin/Communication solutions for CJ partners and county BH agencies to communicate	Admin				
		Standardize reporting of lists from state to county	Admin				
Short		[Louis] Better reports from 1369 evaluators to support standards and ensure appropriate people are placed on the waltlist, with amendment to 1370 so others (beside the judge) can recommend re- evaluation as PD might find clients with drug induced psychosis have restored competency while in jai and could be removed from IST waltlist	Policy Chg				
Short		[Manley] Leverage potential opportunity of probation in diversion process; Probation role expansion to focus on rapport building and increasing client engagement in TX/Rx					
Short		PC 4011.6 permits a client to be evaluated for civil commitment while also being booked on a criminal case. Clients who are referred for evaluation and receive LPS conservatorship could receive diversion under PC 1001.36. There is a small but serious population who might fit such a track- which would avoid an IST evaluation and finding.	Admin - Operations				
Short Short		[CSAC/CBHDA] Include Funding in Diversion Contracts for Housing. [CSAC/CBHDA] Immediately Partner with County Behavioral Health to Jointly Triage the Existing DSH Waltist – requires additional information					
Short Short		Desmarais] TA and use of structured risk assessment tool, which can help address concerns related to public safety					
Short		[Louis] Pursue conservatorship under 1370 for gravely disabled	Admin - Operations				
Med. Med.		[Manley] For defendants held in jail after commitment beyond statutory time require a re-evaluation as to stability and suitability for diversion with a mandated report to the Court.					
Med.		[CSAC/CBHDA] Provide flexibilities, and expedited licensing to stand up access to inpatient beds and housing which is critical in LA-ODR model. [CSAC/CBHDA] Support Diversion by Aligning Statute to Facilitate Additional Diversion in	Policy Chg				
Med.		Appropriate Clinical Settings. Increasing the number of county-based restoration programs beyond the 22 that currently exist	Fund				
Med.			Fund				
Med.		[LD] Expand resources for public guardianship to support move away from CJ	Fund				
Med.		CalAIM Enhanced Care Mgmt benefit	TA				
Long		[CSAC/CBHDA] Reform State Law to Prioritize Clinical Level of Care Placement Determinations for Felony ISTs.	Policy Chg				
Long		[Bloom] Tweak PC 1367 so that competency restoration only happens if your charged with a "prison" felony. Reopic charged with non-prison felonies would fail under the purvise of PC 1367, as amended by pending bill 58 317. Or a step further would be to only allow competency restoration for defendants charged with serious (PC 1192.7) or violent (PC 667.5(c)) felonies.	Policy Chg				
Long		Treat 1170(h) felonies (so-called "county jail felonies") like misdemeanors per 1370.01, including diversion to other type of treatment – noted potential for increase due to potential malingering, unintended consequences	Policy Chg				
Long		CA needs the ability to do a civil commitment for people who need involuntary medication, similar to what Wisconsin uses (Chapter 51). This can be used without removing a person's rights (conservatorship) and can be utilized before the person is ending up in custody.	Policy Chg				
Long		Align licensing bodies to support navigation of bureaucracy when trying to set up Board and Care homes.	Policy Chg				
Long		Coordinate with public guardians or community service providers to do a warm hand off into a bed at another treatment facility.	Admin - Operations				