



**A Letter from the Early Childhood Policy Council
May 27, 2026**

Governor Gavin Newsom, State of California

Speaker Robert Rivas, California State Assembly

President pro Tempore Monique Limón, California State Senate

Senator John Laird, Chair, Senate Budget and Fiscal Review Committee

Assemblymember Jesse Gabriel, Chair, Assembly Budget Committee

Assemblymember Cecilia Aguiar-Curry, Chair, Women’s Legislative Caucus

Senator Caroline Menjivar, Vice Chair, Women’s Legislative Caucus

Dear Governor, Madam President pro Tem, Mr. Speaker, Chairs, and Vice Chair:

The Early Childhood Policy Council (ECPC), established in law in 2019¹, advises the Governor, Legislature, and the California Department of Social Services on statewide early learning and care and child development policy.

While we recognize that California faces significant budget challenges, driven by projections of chronic multi-year deficits, the devastating wildfire recovery, and the federal attack on our most vulnerable Californians, we believe it is essential to protect the state’s youngest members and their families.

We want to acknowledge the State’s preservation of investments that significantly impact children, families, and early educators—predominantly from communities of color—including: extending the hold harmless policy; making continued progress on rate reform and the development of a single rate structure; extending the Cost of Care Plus; protecting social safety net programs from deep funding cuts, including child care; preserving critical health and social services programs that support child and family well-being—including the Emergency Child Care Bridge Program, Medi-Cal, CalWORKs; and your commitment to expanding access to public education.

At the same time, we want to remind the State that our mixed delivery system must include all providers who care for young children: center-based programs; family child care; Family, Friend and Neighbor care (FFN); state preschool; Head Start; and Transitional Kindergarten. In addition, infrastructure investments must explicitly support the historically Black communities in Altadena and Pasadena, and the Black family child care homes devastated in the fires to ensure a fair and racially equitable recovery. Finally, we are deeply concerned the May Revise does not address the harmful impacts of H.R. 1, which—according to the California Budget and Policy Center’s *First Look*—includes well over 1 million Californians losing health coverage through Medi-Cal, more than 3 million households at risk of losing all or some of their nutrition assistance through CalFresh, and immigrant Californians being stripped of health care.

As you finalize the 2026-27 State Budget, we urge you to prioritize investments in young children and families by:

Addressing Specific May Revise Items

- Implementing prospective pay; ensuring disaster relief supports all providers affected by the

¹ [Welfare and Institutions Code 10320.](#)

fires, including FFN providers; instituting a 4.31% COLA that equals what other educators are receiving in the May Revise; adopting the Senate's proposal to move non-local education agency (LEA) California State Preschool Programs under Proposition 98; and restoring \$35 million in funding statewide to enable County Offices of Education to sustain and enhance Universal PreKindergarten (UPK) implementation efforts.

Ensuring Access

- Following through on the commitment to fund over 200,000 child care spaces by Budget Year 2026-27, including the 44,000 slots codified in statute that the Governor and legislature agreed to add this fiscal year and 33,000 slots promised for next fiscal year², and continuing to backfill declining Proposition 64 revenue to ensure current spaces are maintained and expanded. Any and all slots that have been funded and awarded must not be rescinded. Inaction will result in families being disenrolled and children losing access to child care.

Supporting the Workforce

- Funding the rate reform to ensure compensation for the true cost of care and at rates reflecting economic realities; and, in the interim, equitably raising the adjustment factor rate for early childhood center-based contracts and all subsidized providers.
- Taking action to support child care policy changes that build a more resilient early childhood education ecosystem, prioritizing provider-centered fiscal reforms that ensure operational stability by moving towards enrollment-based funding models, such as an 85% contract-earning floor, that protect providers from the fiscal shocks of fluctuating attendance.
- Providing support for policy changes that promote regulatory clarity and the development of unified program definition packages to support the field with clear, standardized roadmaps for administration and planning, to reduce burnout and administrative overhead.
- Providing ongoing financial support to attract and retain members of the early childhood education workforce, and supporting policies that create career pathways that reflect the linguistic and cultural diversity of the workforce while removing barriers to entry by ensuring that professional development and certification pathways value the lived experience and diverse educational backgrounds; halting for further review and landscape analysis the CTC proposed changes to the Child Development Permit Matrix; and investing in entry-level professional development and workforce pipeline grants that support recruitment, preparation, and retention across the early childhood education workforce, including grants that help English Learners and other aspiring educators cover the cost of required training and higher education coursework needed to earn permits and credentials; and pursuing initiatives designed to backfill and strengthen the child care and preschool workforce impacted by the transition of experienced educators.

Strengthening Safety Nets

- Protecting health care access for young children, families, and early educators by protecting Medi-Cal coverage through continuous coverage policies and additional eligibility flexibilities that are threatened by the federal administration.
- Protecting housing security and grant funding to cities and counties that support our unhoused population, many of whom are women and children from communities of color.
- Protecting the safety and well-being of our immigrant children and families, as well as the many immigrant members of the child care work force, including by bolstering legal services

² [Welfare and Institutions Code 10212.6.](#)

programs and reversing proposals that would cut health care and housing for many immigrants.

- Strengthening safety net policies that provide long term support to reduce poverty and promote economic stability and invest funds to replace those safety net funds cut by H.R. 1.

We must ensure there is equitable access to services and support for families and the workforce, particularly marginalized populations, including Black, Tribal, and People of Color families, immigrant families, homeless families, foster children, children of incarcerated or formerly incarcerated parents, children with disabilities, dual language learners, and low-income families, including those experiencing generational poverty. We look forward to sharing our assessment and proposals in our upcoming Annual Report.

As your partners in helping California families with young children navigate today's exponentially more complex federal and environmental challenges, and in supporting the early care and learning workforce that provides essential services to California's economy, we look forward to working with you to ensure our children remain a top priority.

Sincerely,

Early Childhood Policy Council